NAT/SEA/5 # 12 FIS | 7 | 2 CONFIDENTIAL CLASSIFICATION. GROUP FISHERIES AND WILDLIFE VOL: SUB-GROUP SUBJECT SEALS ARCHIVE ECTED FILES 0958C OFFICER DEALING FILE OPENED 1952 FILE CLOSED PA 87 5/12

Enrow from a report by the bridle, Aft. APPENDIX 'C'.

Before sailing I was instructed by H.E. the Governor to investigate any stories I could in Punta Arenas, concerning the activities of fur seal poachers in Falkland Island waters. Although not altogether successful in this respect I managed to get into conversation with two Chilean sailors in the Scandinavian Bar, one of whom claimed to have visited Bird Island on a successful sealing operation in a small schooner (golleta). He did not mention any numbers taken, but gave the impression that he remained in Falkland Island waters for some days.

These two men also claimed that a sealer had sailed for Bird Island and Beauchene Island a short time ago: it was for this reason that Beauchene Island was visited during "Philomel's" homeward passage, without however, anything being seen. I let these intentions be known to the Commanding Officer of H.M.S. "Veryan Bay" before sailing from Punta Arenas.

Subsequent to "Philomel's" departure an interesting developemnt occurred in Punta Areanas. Mr Bundes, who was left behind by me to investigate further the possibility of his purchasing a boat in Chile, entered into conversation with the master of this latter poacher, who returned to port the day "Philomel" sailed. Making due allowance for the difficulty of any conversation between these two men (one a Falkland Islander born of German parents, the other an Italian, naturalised Chilean), this man's story was apparently that he had a very successful sealing expedition to the Falklands and had sailed with his cargo of skins to Santa Cruz in the Argentine, where he had an agent to dispose of his skins for him. He entered Santa Cruz at night, apparently claiming that he had lost his way, and disposed of some of his cargo before dawn - how much is not known. His vessel was inspected by the Argentine port authorities during the morning, and the remaining pelts discovered. This led to the Argentinans threatening to confiscate his vessel, until the master surrendered his remaining skins, numbering 1,600, as a present for the President Peron (one presumes that Evita will have a new fur cost this winter!). The cutter, which is apparently a single-masted vessel, some 45 feet long, was then allowed to proceed on its way to Punta Arenas. Skins are reputed to be worth 2000 pesos (approximately £6/10/-) in Chile and the Argentine at the present moment.

This Italian born captain is 73 years of age, and of an unlovable disposition. Local bar gossip in Punta Arenas credits him with having left members of his crew to whom he had taken exception on lonely rocks to starve (a very excellent form of punishment, that we really ought to make effective in "Philomel"!). He has recently completed two years in gaol, supposedly for being engaged in a brawl which resulted in a death.

It is difficult to assess how much of this story to accept as true: we know from occassional sightings and the fact that there was a fire on the Jason Islands two years ago, that illegal ships are visiting these islands, presumably for seal poaching. It is too much of a coincidence that Mr Bundes and myself heard the same story from two separate sources, one before and one after the cutter's return. On the other hand I am inclined to disbelieve the 1,600 confiscated skins: that would mean that his total haul would have been in the region of 2,000 seals, which would mean a lot of work for a small cutter's crew.

This activity ought to be stopped: if an un-controlled slaughter is permitted in this manner, the fur seal will rapidly become extinct in these islands (see the history of the South Shetland Islands, 1820-30), and a small but lucrative fur sealing industry might well provide the Falklands with a badly needed outlet for private enterprise.

But the apprehension of the poachers will require careful organisation and may become a costly business. First we must try to obtain a contact with fore-knowledge of the sealers intentions in Punta Arenas to advise of their departure and probable destination. Then we must arrange a reception committee probable destination. Then we must arrange a reception committed armed to seize their vessel by force if necessary. It must be remembered that sealers probably carry rifles, and any attempt to arrest the cutter under fire would result in unnecessary casualtice to the vessel engaged. I was prepared on this last occassion to ram and sink the cutter with the "Philomel" had they offered armed resistance, but as a long-term policy we should think of something better than this. Quite apart from anything else, ramming invariably damages the vessel engaged also, and I would therefore suggest that we utilise a spare machine gun left in the Colony by the army - at any rate until the Admiralty approve the Naval Defence Service and fit "Philomel" with an oerlikon gun.

be more adappable

One point in our favour is the fact that the best season for fur-sealing can be judged fairly accurately, and this coincides with the slack season on the farms. I feel sure that these sealers must shelter in lonely coves around the Falklands from time to time, in which case the farms might be approached with a view to a watch being kept on these points after we have obtained information indicating that a vessel is on its way to the Falklands. Aerial recconnaissance would also be of assistance, although the extended nature of the grounds to be covered renders this somewhat dangerous without a rescue ship being available in the area.

The most satisfactory solution proposed by the Acting Governor, which appeals to me considerably, is to establish a small marine garrison with adequate supplies at the fur seal rookeries to await the poachers arrival. I can see no possible objection to this course, which is precisely the sort of operation the marines are ideally suited for, although I can well believe that the marines themselves will not view this plan with the same burning enthusiasm!

J. H.

Jon worked to call a meeting to chiscan.
I attack files dealing with the subject in the part.

as informed and CS 2 we like to see As. + C/Constable in my Africa & 3 pm on Priday lung 12. 3) Prior to the meeting Cl Constable show take down a comprehensie statement from Bunder. 3) This file 249 to remporantly confidential A.C.S. Manuage. Byl7

Hes. arragea acry. A. 20/7 G.M. P.2.
W.O. V. El. informed
Files returned

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When I went over to Punta Arenas in the M.V. Philomel, I went ashore and took up residence at the Hotel Savoy. When there I met a Mrs. Kenneth Conroy and her husband, and when having a meal, during a general conversation, she asked me about my new boat etc. Mr. Conriy then said "The other day a cutter (about 40 feet long) fetched up at Santa Cruz in the Argentine. The Argentinian authorities boarded the cutter and asked the skipper his reason for calling. The skipper told them that he was lost. The ship was searched and they found a total of some 1600 fur-seal skins. They were going to confiscate the ship and it's cargo. The skipper then said "O.K. I'll present the skins to President Peron" and the cutter was released right away. The cutter then sailed around to Punta Arenas. One day Mr. and Mrs. Conroy were in a coffee shop in Punta Arenas, when that skipper entered and spoke to them. He told them about his trip to Santa ruz and that he had been over to the Islas Malvinas (Falkland Islands) for skins. He did not however tell them exactly where. This skipper had by the time that I left Punta Arenas lost his crew. He has had trouble with his crews all his life and is alleged to have served terms of imprisonment for poaching etc. This skipper is an Italian, about 73 years of age. I do not know the name of the skipper or his ship. I would have been able to find out but had to leave in a hurry. When I left he was looking for a crew to take a load of wood up channel. As far as I was able to gather over there, the skipper has a sleeping partner somewhere in Chile, who was able to get rid of a considerable amount of fur-seal skins prior to the ship being searched. This skipper has been doing this poaching all his life and is a very dangerous character. He has been known to dump members of his crew on isolated islands and is one of those who directs his crew with the muzzle of a revolver once he gets to sea.

Had I not been called away so quickly I would have been able to find out
a lot more about him, as it had been arranged for me to meet him personally. He would not have known that I was a Falkland Islander, only that I was a friend of the Conroy family. I am very interested in this matter As I am desirous of applying for a licence myself in the near future to catch fur seal, and do not see why thse skins should go to the Argentine without any benifit to the Falkland Islands. If he has not left when I go over to unta Arenas to fetch my new boat, I think that I could get him by getting somebody into my confidence to let me know when he sails again for the seal rookeries and where he is making for. If however a licence was issued to me, I would be at the rookeries during the whole of the season, and if this skipper came there I would naturally catch him. I would suggest that a detachment of marines or sailors be stationed on the Jason's and the Beauchene's to keep a 24 hour watch. The seal come ashore to a rockery on a rock about one mile away from Jason Island, and if I were granted a licence would be there all the time, to fetch the marines if I saw the Italian. On the Beauchene's the rookery is on the island itself and the marines would only have to traverse a distance of about 50/loo yards from where they erected their quarters. In my opinion the only way to catch the poachers is to have a licensed sealer there at all times during the season and a detachment of marines or sailors, which runs from about the 1st. of June to the middle of July. If I am granted a licence for fur-seal skins, I am prepared to co-operate with the Government to my utmost capacity with a view to putting a stop to the poaching, even if not, I am still prepared to help to put a stop to this nefarious practise. I expect to fetch my new boat next month and to have the motor installed by December next, so that I shall be able to help during the next sealing season. If any further information comes to my knowledge when I am over at Punta Arenas during my next visit, I will disclose same to the authorities concerned. I think that I will be able to arrange for a confidential contact who will be prepared to let me know when this skipper has sailed for the Falkland Islands and where he is making for. As far as I can gather he is not the only one who is fur-seal poaching and will make further enquiries during my next trip to Punta Arenas. That is all I can say at this stage, but I still maintain that the only way to stop it, is to have a boat stationed at the rookeries permanently to intercept him.

27th August, 1952.

Ref: CSO 0958/C/8. CONFIDENTIAL

Sir,

no copy

I am directed to refer to your letter of 12th August 1951 on the subject of fur seel poaching and to request that you will discuss this matter with His Honour the Officer Administering the Government when you are next in Stanley.

> I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient Servant,

Acting Colonial Secretary.

P.R.H. Tilbury, Esq., South Atlantic Sealing Co., ALBERMARLE. Ref: CSO 0958/C/5. SECRET

27th August, 1952.

Dear Jones

Fur Seal Poaching.

As you are probably aware the Fur Seal has been strictly protected in the Falkland Islands for a number of years as its extinction, as a result of earlier uncontrolled exploitation, was feared.

- 2. The control measures have been successful and it seems probable that we may shortly be able to issue licences to selected persons to take a limited number annually.
- J. I am, however, convinced that during all the period of protection there has been steady poaching of the Fur Seal, most probably from Punta Arenas.

The Fur Seal are found mostly in uninhabited and rather inaccessible islands and we have never succeeded in catching any poachers - though we have been trying for over 30 years!

- 4. The Falkland Islands Fur Seal is, I believe, easily recognisable to 'the trade' and quite a number are reported to have reached the London and U.S.A. markets in recent years.
- 5. When the "Philomel" was over in Punta Arenas recently certain information was brought back and I enclose extracts from two of the reports.
- 6. They should be taken with a fairly large pinch of salt, but I would be very grateful if you could get any confirmation or further details about the alleged operations which might enable us to take preventative action.
- 7. I am also making investigations this end and the possibility of local Falkland Island co-operators and 'fellow travellers' should by no means be excluded.

Signi Coli Complett.

Reply at 9.

T.P. Jones, Esq., British Consulate, PUNTA ARENAS.

7-8

EXTRACT FROM A REPORT MADE BY MR. HUCKLE

" I managed to get into conversation with two Chilean sailors in the Scandinavian Bar, one of whom claimed to have visited Bird Island on a successful sealing operation in a small schooner (golleta). He did not mention any numbers taken, but gave the impression that he remained in Falkland Island waters for some days.

These two men also claimed that a sealer had sailed for Bird Island and Beauchene Island a short time ago; it was for this reason that Beauchene Island was visited during "Philomel's" homeward passage, without however, anything being seen. I let these intentions be known to the Commanding Officer of HMS Veryan Bay before sailing from Punta Arenas.

Subsequent to "Philomel's" departure an interesting development occurred in Punta Arenas. Mr. Bundes, who was left behind by me to investigate further the possibility of his purchasing a boat in Chile, entered into conversation with the master of this latter poacher, who returned to port the day "Philomel" sailed. Making due allowance for the difficulty of any conversation between these two men (one a Falkland Islander born of German parents, the other an Italian, naturalised Chilean), this man's story was apparently that he had a very successful sealing expedition to the Falklands and had sailed with his cargo of skins to Santa Cruz in the Argentine, where he had an agent to dispose of his skins for him. entered Santa Cruz at night, apparently claiming that he had lost his way, and disposed of some of his cargo before dawn - how much is not known. His vessel was inspected by the Argentine port authorities during the morning, and the remaining pelts discovered. This led to the Argentinians threatening to confiscate his vessel, until the master surrendered his remaining skins, numbering 1,600 as a present for the President Peron (one presumes that Evita will have a new fur coat this winter!). The cutter, which is apparently a single-masted vessel, some 45 feet long, was then allowed to proceed on its way to Punta Arenas. Skins are reputed to be worth 2000 pesos (approximately £6/10/-d) in Chile and the Argentine at the present moment.

This Italian born captain is 73 years of age, and of an unlovable disposition. Local bar gossip in Punta Arenas credits him with having left members of his crew to whom he had taken exception on lonely rocks to starve (a very excellent form of punishment, that we really ought to make effective in "Philomel"!). He has recently completed two years in gaol, supposedly for being engaged in a brawl which resulted in a death.

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EXTRACT FROM A REPORT MADE BY MR. BUNDES

When I went over to Punta Arenas in the M.V. "Philomel", I went ashore and took up residence at the Hotel Savoy. When there I met a Mrs. Kenneth Conroy and her husband, and when having a meal, during a general conversation, she asked me about my new boat, etc. Mr. Conroy then said "The other day a cutter (about 40 feet long) fetched up at Santa Cruz in the Argentine. The Argentinian authorities boarded the cutter and asked the skipper his reason for calling. The skipper told them that he was lost. The ship was searched and they found a total of some 1,600 fur-seal skins. They were going to confiscate the ship and its cargo. The skipper then said I'll present the skins to President Peron" and the cutter was released right away. The cutter then sailed around to Punta Arenas." day Mr. & Mrs. Conroy were in a coffee shop in Punta Arenas, when that skipper entered and spoke to them. He told them about his trip to Santa Gruz and that he had been over to the Islas Malvinas (Falkland Islands) for skins. He did not however tell them exactly where. This skipper had by the time I left Punta Arenas lost his crew. He has had trouble with his crews all his life and is alleged to have served terms of imprisonment for poaching, etc. This skipper is an Italian, about 73 years of age. I do not know the name of the skipper or his ship. I would have been able to find out but had to leave in a hurry. When I left he was looking for a crew to take a load of wood up channel. As far as I was able to gather over there, the skipper has a sleeping partner somewhere in Chile, who was able to get rid of a considerable amount of fur-seal skins prior to the ship being searched. This skipper has been doing this poaching all his life and is a very dangerous character. He has been known to dump members of his crew on isolated islands and is one of those who directs his crew with the muzzle of a revolver once he gets to sea."

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Confidential

British Consulate, Punta Arenas.

lovember 15th 1952.

2.5 NOV 1952

Your Ref. CSO 0958/c/5.

Dear Campbell,

Fur Seal Posching.

7.8

I have to acknowledge receipt of your latter dated 27th August received here four days ago, together with the two interesting reports made by Mr. Auckle and Mr. Bundes on this subject of Seal poaching.

As soon as I received your letter I caused enquiries to be made and as a result have come to the conclusion that it is extremely doubtful if any poaching takes place from here in waters over which you have jurisdiction.

The man referred to in the above mentioned reports is a well-known character by the name of Pascual Rispoli more popularly known as Pascualini. He is 73 years of age, 5'2" tall and is a great boaster and little reliance can be placed upon what he says.

He was the owner of the cutter named San Antonio and this was the vessel about which there was the trouble in the Argentine port of Santa Cruz. The San Antonio was sunk and became a total loss about a month ago during a storm in the local channels.

Reports of the San Cruz incident to which you refer differ somewhat but the truth seems to be that when he called at Santa Cruz he came from Staten Island and not the Falkland Islands. Padcual Rispoli never claimed to have been in the Falkland Islands on that trip and I am informed that had he done so he is the sort of man who would certainly have boasted about it.

From what I gather I don't think Mr. Bundes information can be right when he says in his report that a sleeping partner managed to get rid of many skins before the vessel was searched.

Colin Campbell, Esq.....Page 2......15th November 1952.

Coming from Staten Island, Rispelf had engine trouble and meeting with bad weather he was forced into Santa Cruz. The story is that he put some of the Seal skins which he had, overboard and the remainder he handed to the Argentine authorities after two days detention when the cutter was on the point of being confiscated. The story about the present for Peron may well have been true. He would never, of course, have told the Argentine authorities that the skins originated from Staten Island as otherwise he would have been liable to prosecution for poaching in Argentine waters.

About a fortnight ago Rispoli proceeded to Mavarin Island in the Beagle Channel to join a ship as Master. The ship I believe is called the Philomela (?) of 10 tons and belongs to a Mr. Follador. Follador I m told is in Mavarin Island to escape his creditors in Punta Arenas. The Philomela is to be enagaged in the forthcoming fishing season, catching shell fish for the Argentine port of Ushuaia.

Dealers in the skins from these Fur Seals tell me that the total catch during a Season does not exceed 600 Skins but the catch of the Baby Seal skins may be higher.

5400 to \$500 Chilaan currency per Seal skin.

After all this I must now inform you that both in Chile and the Argentine the catching of these Seals is now prohibited until 1954/1955 and I should imagine it will be very difficult for anyone to conduct a clandestine business in these skins.

Dealers here tell me that the best place in the World for caring these Skins is in London and practically all coming to Punta Arenas were sent there and many were returned to Punta Arenas for sale after being treated.

Although I know nothing about the trade I should imagine that the Fur Seals caught around the almost inaccessible islands and channels which abound in southern Tierra del Fuego must be very similar if not identical to the Falkland Islands variety and that it could well be thought that the Skins coming from Punta Arenas caught in Chilean waters were of the Falkland Islands species.

I hope this information will be of use to you and the fact that the trade is now prohibited will help you in the work of protecting these Seals.

Colin Campbell. Esq. Page Z. 15th November 1952

With kindert regards to you and Mrs. Campbell, I am,

Yours very sincerely.

Tom P. Jones.

cs. Show to to.

Colin Campbell, Esq., Government House, Port Stanley, Falkland Islands.

Hes Seen Thank you poh P. Wind 26/21/62 Ch. Bonstable Jo See 9-11 7.70.

Notes. Thank you. as the argentine claims the ralislands would not the augustine authorities have prosecuted Right for posseling in legentine waters, as woold have been the care with States Viland! 1. E. 9. J. 6/ Com. 19/1/52. Par 10 6.64 Bo Temporary files Coid of Carly Medes, The Co. covered drought vo Por ded des.



Carcass Island, West Falkland.

20th August. 1969.

The Colonial Secretary, Stanley.

Dear Sir,

During a recent visit to the South Joson I went & the West end of the island where there is a breeding rookery of fur seal.

At a point just above high water line I found a dead fur seal. The skeleton was intact, but the skull was beaten in. From the facts that the mest had recently been picked clean from the bones, but the brain was still visible in the skull, I estimate that it had been dead less than a week.

The skeleton was virtually undamaged, including the delicate flipper bones. Apart from the injuries on the skull, the only obvious injury was a fracture on one rib.

As This is one of the main months for fur sealing, I thought I should report this, as I understand that clubbing is a common way to kill seal.

I am sending the skull to you by separate post for your consideration. However, if Government would return it I would be grateful, as Mr. David Galloway is anxious to take it to the U.K. for inspection by the British Museum, and eventual placement in the Oxford University Museum,

Yours faithfully,

Riley Short.

Note
Skull rehume to Mr Shot
air freght-delivere Fiats
26-8-49

ENTRACT FROM HUMBERS OF MERSTED NO. 11/69 OF EMECUTIVE COUNCIL MEAD ON 2ND 63RD SEPTEMBER. 1969.

0958/0 34. SEAL FOACHING

Council noted a report from Mr. Riley Short of Carcass Island which suggested that seals were being taken from South Jason Island.

Clock of Cources

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· Aca

De See Mr. Short's letter of 20d august.

It certainly seems as though the have been visitors at the Jasons but the runste forthin of the islands from the and from the search of the southern of the search of the season extends through most of the worth much i.e., June July rang.

Perhaps for conea Id mehare for comments.

14

21.869

ag,cs.

This is the second report by Mo Short, of irregular happenings at S. JASON IS. On the last accasion an air recoy, was carried out, nothing untoward could be observed from the gle and it is most unlikely of anything would be observed this time.

This time.

Bearing in mind the nature of the island, to send on ofe out there would in my opinion be a wester of time, effort and feel.

D. e. 14. 22/3/69.

D. C.A.

There are surpicious reports of illegal activity. They may be without foundation, but we need to do all we can within our limitation, to salest, surresen that they are, in fact, proweden.

The only cause that reem to have any home of releven is accasinal air survey. Can pun here me

- 1. On average, how often do your go on for went as Roy con / Hill con, or beyond?
- 2. What loss of time sould be envolved in entending a flight to say, Roy Core, to a point selece a clear view of the states around Jason can be obtained?
- 3. What fuel consumption would this involve?
- H. What effect, if any would an enterior to the Jason have an other wints on the same flight i.e. as what manner would as flight have to be modified if a Jason were true uncluded?

28/8/69

ALES.

During 1967, 56 visits were made to Roy Cove and 64 to HILL COVE, WEST POINT 13. Luck 36 and CAREASS 15. 31. this does not include visits for the purpose of dropping mail.

If by JASON you mean SouTH JASON, the ofe would have to proceed beyond the Island, return time from Wast Pr. 1s. being approx. 1/2 hour.

The fuel consumption is affroy. 20 gls/hr.

None on the visits before the extension, possible complete abandonment after diversion if the filet so desires.

It is most unlikely that a ship would remain in the vicinity of the Islands during daylight hours, or a person on persons remain visible from the air on hearing the approach of on aircraft.

Just e. H. 28/3/69.

7. E., Please see correspondence to date. I am not convinced that air siece hand serve any real purpose, but can think of no alternative.

29/8/69

C.S. I luggest you buy the matter up for mention at the forthcoming toxco. Thereting. Some practicable supertions conto hearts.

May have the parties of the parties and the parties and the parties and the parties are the parties and the parties are the parties and the parties are the p

Director of Civil Aviation

Mr Ian Strange is our Conservation Adviser. He is concerned to investigate the apparent disappearance of fur seals from the Jason Chain of Islands.

When you have an Islander operating in that area with you please give Mr Strange the opportunity to travel in it and for the pilot to be instructed to take him out over the Chain on this reconnaissance.

Mr Strange is not to be charged for this flight.

B E Pauncefort Government Secretary

cc: Ian Strange Esq

YR REF: FIS/7/2

Reference FIA/58/2

It is requested that this number and date should be quote your reply.

MEMORANDUM



Date 5th July 1985

To GOVERNMENT SECRETARY

From: DIRECTOR CIVIL AVIATION

Subject:- RECONNAISSANCE OF JASON ISLANDS BY MR. I. STRANGE

Please refer to your memorandum dated 3 July on the above subject.

Whilst we would be more than happy to fly Mr. Strange around the Jason Islands, the nearest scheduled landing we can make to the Jasons would be at Carcass Island, and to fly out to, and around the Jasons from there and return would take at least one hour, and quite likely an hour and a half. At our present charter rates this would cost some three hundred to four hundred and fifty pounds and this of course does not include the journey cost from Stanley to Carcass Island and return.

I know that you would not expect F.I.G.A.S. to undertake this quite expensive task gratis, and I think the fairest and indeed the most inexpensive charge for it would be at our new rates as follows:-

BOARDING CHARGE MILEAGE

\$13

34p per mile x 280 miles = £95.20

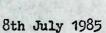
Total = £108.20

I would be grateful therefore if you would indicate under which head and sub-head Mr. Strange's journey should be charged and I will confirm the booking.

Scheel. G.W. CHEEK,

DIRECTOR CIVIL AVIATION.

Sec. Hoad 601-501



CLERK OF COUNCILS

DIRECTOR OF CIVIL AVIATION

RECONNAISSANCE OF JASON ISLANDS by Mr I J Strange

Please refer to your memorandum FIA/58/2 of 5th July 1985.

The Government Secretary has authorised the charges for Mr Strange's flight around the Jason Islands, to check on the Fur Seal Colonies, to be debited to the Secretariat Head 601-501 Local Airfares.

It is noted that the cost of this flight will be £108.20.

CLERK OF COUNCILS

The Dolphins Stanley Falkland Islands.

4 December 1985.

G.Cheek Esq Director Falkland Islands Covernment Air Service. Stanley.

St 5/12

I refers to the Pur Seal Survey which was planned some time ago and given the official backing of the Falkland Islands Government.

It is understood that there are plans for lifting a group from Steeple Jason on or about the 11 December 85. This flight presents an excellent opertunity to carry out the survey investigations.

I have spoken with Major Rob Brake about this possibility who has indicated that there should be no problems in utilizing this flight. Would you therefore be good enough to make a booking for me please, to a destination, probably slephant Jasor, with pick up on the aircrafts return from Steeple Jason same day.

Yours sincerely,

I.J.Strange.

c.c. Chief Secretary -Major Bob Drake